نام خانوادگی:

محل امضا:

**آزمون ورودی دورههای کارشناسیارشد ناییوستهٔ داخل ـ سال ۱۳۹۶** 

مجموعه مدیریت کسب و کار و امور شهری ـ کد ۱۱۴۸

#### عنوان مواد امتحاني، تعداد و شمارة سؤالات

رديف	مواد امتحانی	تعداد سؤال	از شماره	تا شماره
1	زبان تخصصی (انگلیسی) برای داوطلبان رشته مدیربت کسب وکار	۶۰	109	710
۲	زبان عمومی و تخصصی (انگلیسی) برای داوطلبان رشته مدیریت امور شهری	9.	T18	772

این آزمون نمرهٔ منفی دارد.

استفاده از ماشینحساب مجاز نی

صفحه ۲

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زبان تخصصی (انگلیسی) برای داوطلبان رشته مدیریت کسب وکار:

PA	RT	A:	Str	uc	ture
	nı		211	u	ши

Directions: Choose the word or phrase (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 156- ---- originated in Germany and northern Italy in the middle of the fifteenth century. 1) With engraving growing out of the goldsmith's art
  - 2) The goldsmith's art of engraving, the growth out of which
  - 3) Engraving, which grew out of the goldsmith's art,
  - 4) That the goldsmith's art of engraving grew and
- 157- Most of these towns boasted at least one major flat-topped mound on which --
  - 1) stood a temple that contained a sacred flame
  - 2) a sacred flame in a temple contained and stood
  - 3) a temple stood that contained a sacred flame
  - li.com 4) there stood a temple with a sacred flame that contained in
- 158- Passengers traveled in a variety of stagecoaches, the most common of which had four benches, each ----- three persons
  - 1) held

2) of those held

3) to hold

- 4) holding
- 159- The dominant salt in Death Valley is halite, or sodium chloride, but other salts, mostly carbonates and sulfates, also cause prying and wedging, ------
  - 1) and ordinary ice too
  - 2) and ordinary ice does
  - as does ordinary ice
  - 4) as well as ordinary ice
- 160- An interviewer can obtain a high response rate because people find it more difficult to turn down a personal request for an interview ----- a written questionnaire.
  - 1) than to throw away
  - to throw away than
  - 3) than what they throw away as
  - 4) rather than throwing away
- 161- New observations about the age of some globular clusters in our Milky Way galaxy have cast doubt on a long-held theory------
  - 1) of the galaxy was formed how
  - 2) according to which the galaxy formed
  - that the galaxy was formed
  - 4) about how the galaxy was formed
- 162- From 1965 to 1988, spending on food in the United States climbed 46 percent. But over that same period, spending on food to be consumed at home—purchased mainly from supermarkets—grew ------.
  - 1) up to as many as only 20 in percentage
  - only 20 in percentage terms
  - 3) by only 20 percent
  - 4) for as many as 20 percentage

صفحه ۳

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163-		ernment-owned is precisely that in 1979 its original
	private owners	
	1) operated it to go bankrupt	
	2) went bankrupt operating it	
	<ol><li>went bankrupt to operate it</li></ol>	
	4) by operating it went bankrupt	
164-	asoline tanks in cars and service st	while slightly increasing evaporation from
	1) used in cars reduces exhaust em	
	2) reduces exhaust emissions are us	
	3) is used for exhaust emissions to	
	4) in cars for using to reduce exhau	10 9 TO 1
165-		in defending against streptococcal infection,
	also attack the cells of the heart and	
	1) the antibodies that the body's im	TO BE AND TO SEE TO SEE AND A SECOND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
	2) the body's immunological system	
	3) producing antibodies that the bo	
		r the immunological system which they
	, , p	takir
DAD	TB: Vocabulary	Taleta
Dire	ctions: Choose the word or phrase	1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank. Then
mar	k the correct choice on your answer s	sheet.
	· AAA	
166-	The in her speech can nu	t off almost anyone; she urgently needs to tone down
100-	the harsh words she uses.	t off annost anyone, she argentry needs to tone down
	1) impediment	2) ambiguity
	3) fluctuation	4) acerbity
167-		to me, let me help you with yours.
	1) alleged	2) allocated
	3) alluded	4) attributed
168-		the suspect enough to slow him down during the
	chase.	
	1) enervate	2) amputate
	3) grab	4) slaughter
169-		,
	Despite an the media campaigns in	ocusing on bullying, the practice is still in
	schools.	ocusing on bullying, the practice is still in
		cusing on bullying, the practice is still in 2) malicious
	schools. 1) consistent	2) malicious
170-	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent	malicious     disputable
170-	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a
170-	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a s metal.
170-	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known striking resemblance to the preciou	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a
	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known striking resemblance to the preciou 1) marginal 3) counterfeit	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a s metal. 2) preposterous
	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known striking resemblance to the preciou 1) marginal 3) counterfeit	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a s metal. 2) preposterous 4) pretentious
	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known striking resemblance to the preciou 1) marginal 3) counterfeit Being a Muslim, he mai	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a s metal. 2) preposterous 4) pretentious
	schools. 1) consistent 3) prevalent Pyrite is a mineral that is known striking resemblance to the preciou 1) marginal 3) counterfeit Being a Muslim, he madespite his busy schedule.	2) malicious 4) disputable as fool's gold or gold because it bears a s metal. 2) preposterous 4) pretentious kes it a point to offer his prayers five times a day

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172-		ne principal would be enraged at my complaint against the leasantly surprised when he me for having the
	1) lauded	2) recognized
	3) required	4) asserted
173-	When I looked at the sculpti	are up close, I saw a few blemishes and realized
	the art was not perfect.	4 (100 ) 34 (4 PM ) (3 PM ) (4
	1) fraudulent	2) lustrous
	3) steady	4) discernible
174-		country are on the path to prosperity, this one particular e direction and is becoming in all respects.
	1) autonomous	2) decadent
	3) idiosyncratic	4) prodigal
175-	The man's became	evident when we found out that the company he had been
	talking about existed only on	하는 것이 이 아니는 어린이 아들이는 이 모든 되었다고 아내리를 하는데 이번 이 사람들이 되었다. 그 아내리는 그는 그 아내리를 위해서 주었다는 아내리를 하는데 하는데 이번 하는데 아니다.
	1) dichotomy	2) duplicity
	3) humiliation	4) infamy

PART C: Cloze Passage

<u>Directions:</u> Read the following passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Although free markets are commonly associated with capitalism within a market economy in contemporary usage and popular culture, free markets have also been advocated by free-market anarchists and some (183) ----- of cooperatives and advocates of profit sharing.

Critics of the free market have argued that, in real world situations, it has proven to be (184) ----- to the development of price fixing monopolies. Such reasoning has led to government intervention, (185) ----- the United States antitrust law.

Two prominent Canadian authors argue that government at times has to intervene to ensure competition in large and important industries. Naomi Klein (186) ------this roughly in her work *The Shock Doctrine* and John Ralston Saul more humorously shows this through various examples in *The Collapse of Globalism and the Reinvention of the World*. While its supporters argue that only a free market can create

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(187) competition and therefore more business and reasonable prices,
(188) say that a free market in its purest form may result in the opposite.
According to Klein and Ralston, the (189) of companies into giant
corporations or the privatization of government-run industry and national assets often
result in monopolies (or oligopolies) (190) government intervention to force
competition and reasonable prices. Another form of market failure is speculation,
where transactions are made to profit from short term fluctuation, rather from
the intrinsic value of the companies or products.

176-	1) stimulation	2) affection	3) intervention	4) detention
177-	1) relies on	2) originates from	3) culminates in	4) contrasts with
178-	1) restrict	2) aggravate	3) tolerate	4) pursue
179-	1) briefly	2) freely	3) harshly	4) redundantly
180-	1) conquest	2) equilibrium	3) gratification	4) credibility
181-	1) lends	2) acquires	3) divulges	4) entails
182-	1) critics	2) ascetics	3) optimists	4) comrades
183-	1) scribes	2) felons	3) proponents	4) counselors
184-	1) beneficial	2) injurious	3) provocative	4) susceptible
185-	1) e.g.	2) i.e.	3) etal.	4) P.S.
186-	1) annotates	2) illustrates	3) et al. 3) deems	4) threatens
187-	1) healthy	2) haphazard	3) unilateral	4) contradictory
188-	1) clairvoyants	2) conservatives	3) opponents	4) arbiters
189-	1) abridging	2) compromising	3) merging	4) varying
190-	1) defaming	2) affecting	3) notifying	4) requiring

#### PART D: Reading Comprehension

<u>Directions:</u> Read the following four passages and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best answers each question. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

### PASSAGE 1:

Human beings have long inhabited the region of the Nile River valley in the area that is now modern-day Egypt. At some point around 5000 B.C. they began to grow crops and keep domesticated animals, and to live in small permanent settlements. Over time these settlements increased in size, with some outstripping others until they formed centers that controlled surrounding areas up and down the Nile River. In the late Predynastic period (3600-2920 B.C.) in Upper Egypt there were political centers at Hierakonpolis, Naqada. The cemeteries serving these towns show that social stratification was well developed. For instance, at Hierakonpolis a number of tombs stand out by reason of their wealth in funerary equipment and the quality of their construction. One even had decorated walls, and was almost certainly built for a late Predynastic ruler of the region.

Although these cities and their subject regions were separate political entities, they all shared a common culture, today called Naqada II/III after the archaeological site at Naqada where it was first encountered. Because there are no written texts from this period, the evidence for the culture comes from its material remains recovered

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through archaeological excavation and from the art forms that some of these items display. Naqada II/III is distinguished from earlier cultures of Upper Egypt by its greatly increased social stratification and the growing sophistication of its products. Continuity is shown, however, by the manufacture of stone maceheads attached to handles and used as weapons, and of stone palettes used to grind green and black pigments to make eye paint, since both had also been produced in the preceding periods. One immediately recognizable product is a type of decorated pottery that is painted in red line on a light yellow background. The subject matter includes boats, plants, animals, and human beings disposed over the surface of the vessel.

In the north of Egypt, where different geographical conditions make excavation more difficult, some sites have been discovered that show that for most of the Predynastic period the north was culturally distinct from-and less rich than-the south.

191-	It can be inferred from the pass	age that prior to 5000	B.C., in	habi	itants	of the	Nile Riv	er
	It can be inferred from the pass valley			. /	$\sim$	(1.1.		

- 3) developed a thriving agricultural system
  4) moved around from place to place
  The word "at"
- 192- The word "others" in paragraph 1 refers to
  - 1) human beings 2) crops and domesticated animals
  - 3) settlements
- 193- The word One" in paragraph 1 refers to ------
  - 1) town 2) tomb
  - quality 4) construction
- 194- The word "that" in paragraph 2 refers to ------.
  - 1) culture excavation
  - 3) remains 4) art forms
- 195- The author refers to ancient Egyptian burial practices in order to show that the Egyptians had -----
  - 1) devised simple funeral rituals
  - inhabited the region since before 5000 B.C.
  - 3) constructed buildings very quickly
  - 4) developed a class-based society
- 196- According to the passage, information about the Naqada II/III culture is derived from which of the following?
  - 1) Items unearthed by archaeologists and others
  - The sophistication of the social structure
  - 3) The discovery of a number of written texts
  - 4) Comparisons with settlements in modern-day Egypt
- 197- According to the passage, the "manufacture of stone maceheads" mentioned in paragraph 2 indicates that the Nagada II/III culture ------.
  - 1) produced sophisticated tools for its builders
  - 2) used stone in preference to other materials
  - 3) decorated its items with complicated art forms
  - 4) showed a direct connection with earlier cultures

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- 198- All of the following statements are true about the decorated pottery mentioned in the passage EXCEPT -----
  - 1) it has a yellowish color and red designs
  - 2) it is decorated with green and black pigments
  - 3) it has drawings of people and animals
  - 4) it is easily identifiable by experts
- 199- All of the following statements are true about the north of Egypt in most of the Predynastic period EXCEPT ------
  - 1) it includes some physical barriers to easy excavation
  - 2) it was not as rich as the south was
  - 3) it allowed no excavations to take place
  - 4) it was not culturally the same as the south
- 200- Which of the following best describes the author's attitude towards the subject of the passage?

1) Neutrality

2) Amusement

3) Disapproval

4) Hesitance

### PASSAGE 2:

kmili.com The vision of a far more free-flowing less hidebound corporation, ready to change strategic direction fast, is shared by Lowell Bryan, a director at McKinsey. He may be a 30-year veteran of the firm, but he discusses these ideas with the enthusiasm of a new hire.

'You have to give up the pretence that you can predict the future,' he says. 'This is about managing much more dynamically. It is a complex, adaptive world, and leaders have to navigate their way through it. How can you say today what the economy will be like even six months from now?'

Leaders need to show a bit more humility while living with all this. 'Strategy is really an evolving idea which develops over a long period, on a long and winding road,' he says. 'And this world calls for just-in-time decision-making.'

Adapt to survive. The danger for successful companies, Mr. Bryan says, is that over time they lose the very abilities or qualities that earned them their market-leading position in the first place. They no longer have the same flexibility, awareness and resilience they once did. Building in some slack-unscheduled meeting time, for instance-might create the space where some resilience can be re-established, Mr. Bryan adds.

### 201- What is the main topic of the passage?

- 1) The development of decision-making ability in corporate leaders
- Trends in developing long-term strategies
- 3) Strategy formulation in the new era
- 4) The weaknesses of old-style strategic planning

### 202- Based on the information in paragraph 1, which of the following statements about Lowell Bryan is true?

- He spent thirty years studying companies which focused their strategy on change.
- He favors companies which rethink their strategy when required.
- He has been the director of several hidebound corporations such as Mckinsey.
- 4) He works as fast as a seasoned employee.

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### 203- Which of the following best describes the function of the question raised in the second paragraph?

- 1) It suggests that businesses will be more successful if they improve their economic outlook.
- It insists that businesses are unlikely to thrive in the first six months.
- It encourages strategy officers to find ways of predicting the future.
- 4) It emphasizes that the economic outlook is uncertain.

### 204- The word "winding" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to --

- 1) twisting
- 2) broad
- 3) perplexing
- 4) important

### 205- In paragraph 4, what is the author's purpose in mentioning "flexibility, awareness and resilience"?

- 1) To name the factors that help businesses maintain their position in the market
- 2) To indicate that survival rather than adaptability must be the main strategic goal of
- 3) To demonstrate that well-run businesses earn their market leading position the hard way
- 4) To list the qualities that are common to all businesses

#### PASSAGE 3:

tahsila Marketing gurus and brand managers worldwide complain about the erosion of customer lovalty. The global power of consumer brands is not what it was before, and marketers do not like it. They see their customers as fickle and ungrateful. In reality, these marketers completely misunderstood the decline of brand loyalty. A review of the past decade shows that customers have not been unfaithful to established brands; in fact, quite the opposite.

But look at any typical block of TV network advertising in the US and you will see at least a quarter of the primetime advertisements show their target customers and prospects as idiots. The truth is that established brands have not treated their most loyal customers well. They charge more and more for less and less. Their 'innovations' frequently add more complexity than value. Their willingness to apologize and compensate customers for errors or mistakes is nil.

An alternative marketing view is that 'brand inertia' far more than 'brand loyalty' is the reason why so many customers have stayed with so many companies for so long. Those who switch are not being disloyal; they are being discriminating in choosing brands. The central marketing question for brand managers therefore is not 'how can we radically increase customer loyalty?' but 'how can we radically increase our own loyalty to customers?'

Often, it is not a flawless service but the way a company deals with a mistake that wins customer loyalty and returns business. There are many examples of this. Airline reservation staff who do not charge the extra 'change fees' when customers accidentally misbook a fixed-date flight. Mobile telephone operators who politely and without complaint remove incorrect charges from the bill. These are less acts of 'customer service' than demonstrations of loyalty to customers.

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### 206- What is the author's main purpose in the passage?

- 1) To discuss the impact of marketing on consumers
- 2) To present a new approach to promoting brand loyalty
- 3) To explain marketing techniques for promoting brands
- 4) To criticize consumer behavior in terms of brand lovalty

### 207- All of the following are examples of how companies treat customers badly EXCEPT they

- 1) show advertisements which are humorous
- 2) set prices which do not match what they offer
- 3) do not respond appropriately to customers' problems
- 4) design new products which are more difficult to use

### 208- Which of the following best describes the author's attitude toward those who complain that these days customers are fickle?

Indifferent

2) Unfavorable

3) Complimentary

4) Sympathetic

209- The word "that" in paragraph 4 refers to ---

1) mistake

- 2) loyalty
- 3) the service offered by a company
- 4) way of dealing with a mistake

### 210- According to the passage, why do most customers stay loyal to brands?

- 1) The quality of their products is so good.
- 2) Too much choice stops them from changing brands.
- 3) Sort of laziness keeps them from switching to other brands.
- 4) They are attracted to their advertising.

### PASSAGE 4:

According to another argument in favor of corporate social responsibility, the more responsibly companies act, the less the government must regulate them. This idea, if accurate, would likely appeal to those corporations that typically view regulation with distaste, perceiving it as a crude and expensive way of achieving social goals. To them, regulation often imposes inappropriate, overly broad rules that hamper productivity and require extensive recordkeeping procedures to document compliance. If companies can use more flexible, voluntary methods of meeting a social norm such as pollution control, then government will be less tempted to legislate norms.

The argument can be taken further. Not only does anticipatory corporate action lessen the likelihood of government regulation, but also social involvement by companies creates a climate of trust and respect that reduces the overall inclination of government to interfere in company business. For example, a government agency is much more likely to show some leniency toward a socially responsible company than toward one that ignores social <u>plights</u>.

Perhaps the most persuasive argument in favor of corporate involvement in social causes is that such involvement actually makes good business sense. Consumers often support good corporate images and avoid bad ones. For example, consumers generally prefer to patronize stores with "easy return" policies. Even though such policies are not required by law, companies institute them because they create goodwill. In the long run, enhanced goodwill often rebounds to stronger profits. Moreover, corporate actions to improve the well-being of their communities make these communities more attractive to citizens and more profitable for business.

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### 211- What does the paragraph preceding the passage most probably discuss?

- 1) How the government regulates companies
- 2) An argument against the societal role of business corporations
- 3) What responsibilities a corporation has concerning social needs
- 4) A reason why companies should be responsible to society

### 212- According to paragraph 1, government regulation is not favored by some corporations because they------.

- 1) believe full compliance with it is almost impossible
- 2) do not want to submit private documents to the government
- 3) view it as a barrier to productivity
- 4) do not generally keep records of their past activities

### 213- The word "plights" in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by ------

- prospects
- 2) procedures
- 3) priorities
- 4) problems

### 214- Which of the following is true of corporate involvement in social affairs?

- 1) The government takes unfair advantage of businesses to achieve social goals.
- 2) The majority of corporations disapprove of it because it incurs extra costs.
- 3) It influences the relationship between the government and corporations positively.
- 4) It is likely to benefit citizens more than businesses in the long run.

### 215- Which of the following best expresses the information in the underlined statement in the passage?

- 1) Companies try to create goodwill by adopting particular policies, even though law on this issue does not cover all such policies.
- Companies introduce particular policies to create goodwill, although law does not force them to do so.
- In spite of restrictive laws, companies manage to create goodwill through particular policies.
- 4) With particular policies, companies create goodwill because law wants them to.

زبان عمومی و تخصصی (انگلیسی) برای داوطلبان رشته مدیریت امور شهری:

#### PART A: Structure

<u>Directions:</u> Choose the word or phrase (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

### 216- The recycling of municipal solid waste is widely seen as an environmentally preferable alternative to the prevailing practices of incineration and ------ in landfills.

- 1) being dumped
- 2) to dumping
- 3) to dump
- 4) of dumping

### 217- ----- that persistently poor readers showed brain activity in some of the same regions as normal readers.

- 1) Though the discovery was more surprising
- 2) Though more surprising, the discovery was
- 3) More surprising, though, was the discovery
- 4) The discovery was, though, more surprising

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218-		ggle for survival is how easily organisms can trout is caught by the fisherman's lure, the
	1) that which	
	2) the one that	
	3) that	
210	4) one of which	outs will be the best arout
219-	9, thought Verity, his birthday pa	irty will be tile best ever:
	1) He knows little if only	
	2) Little does he know	
	3) It is only little he knows	
220	4) If only he knew little	
220-	0- From a nutritional perspective, what is ex	
		nes muscle tissue per unit weight.
	1) greater	
	2) much more than	$\sim$
	3) of the energy by	11; COII,
221	4) as much as	
221-	1- Eventually Europe's middle classes emula	ated the anistocracy, a taste not only
	3) of the energy by 4) as much as 1- Eventually Europe's middle classes emula for restaurants but for all the new cuisine 1) and developed 2) developing 3) to develop 4) by developing	iotal
	2) dayslaning	
	2) to developing	
	4) by develop	
222	2 Although mild and to refer to the an	nions and the according to the materials used to
222-		rious crafts according to the materials used to
	crafts in terms of function, know	, and metal—it was once common to think of
	1) which led to their being	wit as the applied at is.
	2) this led to what is	
	3) it led to its being	
222	4) that led to being	assumes for much of its museum and most
223-	popular allure.	ccounts for much of its present—and past—
	1) So mysterious the weather remains	
	그리는 사람들은 경기를 가지 않는데 그리고 있다면 하지만	age .
	2) Remaining so mysterious as the weath	ici
	3) That weather remains so mysterious	
224	4) The weather remains as mysterious as	
224-	happen if they did some of the b	plack hole anytime soon, imagining what would
	1) as a great way of probing	nggest mysteries in the universe.
	- 100mm (100mm 100mm 1	
	2) is a great way to probe	
	3) probed as a great way	
225	4) and probing as a great way for	
225-	what has come to be called the Great Mig	t proved, that the majority of the migrants in
	1) to be motivated by two concurrent fac	
	2) with two concurrent factors to motivate	
	2) with two concurrent factors to motivat	ic it

3) and were motivated by two concurrent factors 4) two concurrent factors of that motivated it

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#### PART B: Written Expression

<u>Directions:</u> Choose the word or phrase (1), (2), (3), or (4) that must be changed for the sentence to be correct. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 227- Because there are <u>very more</u> women in white-collar jobs, <u>an increase in</u> the proportion

  1
  2
  of female members <u>has accompanied</u> the occupational shift and has altered union

  3
  policy-making in favor of organizing women and addressing <u>women's issues</u>.
- 228- Having being established such a chronology, it is necessary to determine the relative amounts of land ice that existed at various times in the Earth's past.
- 229- In contrast to traditional analyses of minority business, the sociological analysis contend 3 that minority business ownership is a group-level phenomenon, in that it is largely dependent upon social-group resources for its development.
- 230- Nanotechnology is <u>much</u> discussed these days <u>like</u> an emerging frontier, <u>a realm</u> in 1 2 3 which machines operate <u>at scales</u> of billionths of a meter.
- 231- <u>Dutch elm disease</u>, which is caused by the fungus C. <u>ulmi is spread</u> by adult scolytid

  1

  2

  beetles, <u>has</u> already destroyed <u>70 percent of</u> the elms in Greenwood Forest.
- 232- It is well known that  $\frac{\text{human tears}}{1}$  often serve to moisten  $\frac{\text{the eye}}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\text{protecting}}{3}$  it from infection, and  $\frac{\text{wash}}{2}$  away irritants.
- 2 instruction manuals for their programs on computer disks only, so that computer users 3 can refer to them on a computer screen than rather having to deal with unwieldy printed manuals.

صفحه ۱۳

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234-	A chemical company claims that, since on	ly one of	520 rats w	vere given high	h doses of a
		1	1	2	
	new artificial sweetener developed cancer	while all	the others	remained hea	lthy, the
	5	3	4		Fi
	sweetener is not carcinogenic for human b	eings.			

235- If water continues to be drawn  $\frac{\text{from}}{1}$  the streams  $\frac{\text{at}}{2}$  the present rate,  $\frac{\text{in}}{3}$  about 30 years the resulting drop in the water level of Mono Lake will trigger a chain reaction ending  $\frac{\text{to}}{4}$  the destruction of the ecosystem of the lake.

PART	C:	Voca	bu	lary
------	----	------	----	------

<u>Directions</u>: Choose the word or phrase (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes each sentence. Then mark the answer on your answer sheet.

The	en mark the answer on your answer sheet.	ili COII			
236-	During the bomb threat, the teacher was how worried she was.  1) imperturbable 3) arrogant	s and did not let her students know			
	1) imperturbable	2) adamant			
	3) arrogant	4) conciliatory			
237-	when my nuspand lost his job, it meant	many of our home improvement plans would			
	not come to	2) familility			
	1) ramification	2) feasibility			
	3) fruition	4) execution			
238-		ignificant, the natural disaster helped			
		s by bringing them together against a common			
	cause. 1) abolish	2) abridge			
		2) abridge			
220	3) admonish	4) alleviate			
239-	Most companies have realized that in any project, despite careful planning, some				
	are bound to come up and are unavoidabl				
	1) subtleties	2) facets			
• • •	3) pitfalls	4) obligations			
240-	Though people believe that witchcraft does not exist nowadays, there are certain village				
	where witchcraft and black magic still				
	1) prevails	2) malfunctions			
	3) degenerates	4) compromises			
241-	For some reason, Chuck loved to help his mother whenever he could, so when hi				
	mother asked him to set the table he did s				
	1) conformity	2) alacrity			
	3) indifference	4) sympathy			
242-	The detective pursued the cas work paid off as he found the crucial piec	e for nearly six months, and finally his hard e of evidence against the stockbroker.			
	1) slothfully	2) recklessly			
	3) assiduously	4) simultaneously			

صفحه ۱۴

243-	The storm brought the baseball game to a halt and then enough for the
	players to retake the field.
	1) subsided
	2) sufficed
	3) sustained
	4) submerged
244-	Because there was a of evidence, the district attorney had to drop the charges.
	1) justification
	2) synopsis
	3) synthesis
	4) dearth
245-	Though most analysts have welcomed the budget with great enthusiasm describing it as
	a path-breaking budget, there are some skeptics who are not convinced and believe that
	the economy will not really from the various proposals.
	1)(d. d
	2) elicit 3) benefit 4) arise  L've often told my roommate that he needs to do something about his habits.
	3) benefit
	4) arise
246	I've often told my roommate that he needs to do something about his habits,
	but he reference to the rest of the rest o
	1) hasty 2) slovenly 3) cowardly 4) imprecise Individuals who are serious about becoming doctors should be prepared to a
	2) sloventy
	2) slovelly
	4) immediately
247	Individual table are serious about becoming declars should be presented to
247-	
	demanding educational journey.
	1) traverse
	2) resist
	3) overshadow
• • •	4) challenge
248-	Jennifer actually reached the in her profession when she won both a Golden
	Globe and an Academy Award in the same year.
	1) affirmation
	2) inauguration
	3) accessibility
	4) zenith
249-	During his speech, the president took a moment to those politicians who were
	not working to end the budget crisis.
	1) replace
	2) condemn
	3) shun
	4) foretell
250-	He was already a little plump, so his doctor strictly advised him to stay away from fatty
	foods if he did not want to become
	1) sluggish
	2) greedy
	3) obese
	1) C 1

صفحه ۱۵

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PART D: Reading Comprehension

<u>Directions:</u> Read the following four passages and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best answers each question. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

### PASSAGE 1:

Human beings have long inhabited the region of the Nile River valley in the area that is now modern-day Egypt. At some point around 5000 B.C. they began to grow crops and keep domesticated animals, and to live in small permanent settlements. Over time these settlements increased in size, with some outstripping others until they formed centers that controlled surrounding areas up and down the Nile River. In the late Predynastic period (3600-2920 B.C.) in Upper Egypt there were political centers at Hierakonpolis, Naqada. The cemeteries serving these towns show that social stratification was well developed. For instance, at Hierakonpolis a number of tombs stand out by reason of their wealth in funerary equipment and the quality of their construction. One even had decorated walls, and was almost certainly built for a late Predynastic ruler of the region.

Although these cities and their subject regions were separate political entities, they all shared a common culture, today called Naqada II/III after the archaeological site at Naqada where it was first encountered. Because there are no written texts from this period, the evidence for the culture comes from its material remains recovered through archaeological excavation and from the art forms that some of these items display. Naqada II/III is distinguished from earlier cultures of Upper Egypt by its greatly increased social stratification and the growing sophistication of its products. Continuity is shown, however, by the manufacture of stone maceheads attached to handles and used as weapons, and of stone palettes used to grind green and black pigments to make eye paint, since both had also been produced in the preceding periods. One immediately recognizable product is a type of decorated pottery that is painted in red line on a light yellow background. The subject matter includes boats, plants, animals, and human beings disposed over the surface of the vessel.

In the north of Egypt, where different geographical conditions make excavation more difficult, some sites have been discovered that show that for most of the Predynastic period the north was culturally distinct from—and less rich than—the south.

### 251- It can be inferred from the passage that prior to 5000 B.C., inhabitants of the Nile River valley -----.

- 1) constructed richly decorated tombs
- 2) established powerful political centers
- 3) developed a thriving agricultural system
- 4) moved around from place to place

### 252- The word "others" in paragraph 1 refers to ------.

- 1) human beings
- 2) crops and domesticated animals
- 3) settlements
- 4) centers

صفحه ۱۶

2) Amusement3) Disapproval4) Hesitance

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253-	The word "One" in paragraph 1 refers to
	1) town
	2) tomb
	3) quality
	4) construction
254-	The word "that" in paragraph 2 refers to
	1) culture
	2) excavation
	3) remain
	4) art forms
255-	The author refers to ancient Egyptian burial practices in order to show that th
	Egyptians had
	1) devised simple funeral rituals
	<ol><li>inhabited the region since before 5000 B.C.</li></ol>
	3) constructed buildings very quickly
	4) developed a class-based society
256-	According to the passage, information about the Naqada WIII culture is derived from
	which of the following?
	which of the following?  1) Items unearthed by archaeologists and others  2) The sophistication of the social structure
	2) The sophistication of the social structure
	3) The discovery of a number of written texts
	4) Comparisons with settlements in modern-day Egypt
257-	According to the passage, the "manufacture of stone maceheads" mentioned i
	paragraph 2 indicates that the Naqada II/III culture
	1) produced sophisticated tools for its builders
	2) used stone in preference to other materials
	3) decorated its items with complicated art forms
	4) showed a direct connection with earlier cultures
258-	All of the following statements are true about the decorated pottery mentioned in th
	passage EXCEPT
	1) it has a yellowish color and red designs
	2) it is decorated with green and black pigments
	3) it has drawings of people and animals
	4) it is easily identifiable by experts
259-	All of the following statements are true about the north of Egypt in most of th
	Predynastic period EXCEPT
	1) it includes some physical barriers to easy excavation
	2) it was not as rich as the south was
	3) it allowed no excavations to take place
	4) it was not culturally the same as the south
260-	Which of the following best describes the author's attitude towards the subject of the
200	passage?
	1) Neutrality

صفحه ۱۷

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### PASSAGE 2:

The vision of a far more free-flowing, less hidebound corporation, ready to change strategic direction fast, is shared by Lowell Bryan, a director at McKinsey. He may be a 30-year veteran of the firm, but he discusses these ideas with the enthusiasm of a new hire.

'You have to give up the pretence that you can predict the future,' he says. 'This is about managing much more dynamically. It is a complex, adaptive world, and leaders have to navigate their way through it. How can you say today what the economy will be like even six months from now?'

Leaders need to show a bit more humility while living with all this. 'Strategy is really an evolving idea which develops over a long period, on a long and winding road,' he says. 'And this world calls for just-in-time decision-making.'

Adapt to survive. The danger for successful companies, Mr. Bryan says, is that over time they lose the very abilities or qualities that earned them their market-leading position in the first place. They no longer have the same flexibility, awareness and resilience they once did. Building in some slack—unscheduled meeting time, for instance—might create the space where some resilience can be re-established, Mr. Bryan adds.

### 261- What is the main topic of the passage?

- 1) The development of decision-making ability in corporate leaders
- 2) Trends in developing long-term strategies
- 3) Strategy formulation in the new era
- 4) The weaknesses of old-style strategic planning

### 262- Based on the information in paragraph 1, which of the following statements about Lowell Bryan is true?

- 1) He spent thirty years studying companies which focused their strategy on change.
- 2) He favors companies which rethink their strategy when required.
- 3) He has been the director of several hidebound corporations such as Mckinsey.
- 4) He works as fast as a seasoned employee.

### 263- Which of the following best describes the function of the question raised in the second paragraph?

- It suggests that businesses will be more successful if they improve their economic outlook.
- 2) It insists that businesses are unlikely to thrive in the first six months.
- 3) It encourages strategy officers to find ways of predicting the future.
- 4) It emphasizes that the economic outlook is uncertain.

### 264- The word "winding" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to ------

- 1) twisting
- 2) broad
- 3) perplexing
- 4) important

صفحه ۱۸

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### 265- In paragraph 4, what is the author's purpose in mentioning "flexibility, awareness and resilience"?

- 1) To name the factors that help businesses maintain their position in the market
- To indicate that survival rather than adaptability must be the main strategic goal of businesses
- To demonstrate that well-run businesses earn their market-leading position the hard way
- 4) To list the qualities that are common to all businesses

#### PASSAGE 3:

Marketing gurus and brand managers worldwide complain about the erosion of customer loyalty. The global power of consumer brands is not what it was before, and marketers do not like it. They see their customers as fickle and ungrateful. In reality, these marketers completely misunderstood the decline of brand loyalty. A review of the past decade shows that customers have not been unfaithful to established brands; in fact, quite the opposite.

But look at any typical block of TV network advertising in the US and you will see at least a quarter of the primetime advertisements show their target customers and prospects as idiots. The truth is that established brands have not treated their most loyal customers well. They charge more and more for less and less. Their 'innovations' frequently add more complexity than value. Their willingness to apologize and compensate customers for errors or mistakes is nil.

An alternative marketing view is that 'brand inertia' far more than 'brand loyalty' is the reason why so many customers have stayed with so many companies for so long. Those who switch are not being disloyal; they are being discriminating in choosing brands. The central marketing question for brand managers therefore is not 'how can we radically increase customer loyalty?' but 'how can we radically increase our own loyalty to customers?'

Often, it is not a flawless service but the way a company deals with a mistake that wins customer loyalty and returns business. There are many examples of this. Airline reservation staff who do not charge the extra 'change fees' when customers accidentally misbook a fixed-date flight. Mobile telephone operators who politely and without complaint remove incorrect charges from the bill. These are less acts of 'customer service' than demonstrations of loyalty to customers.

### 266- What is the author's main purpose in the passage?

- 1) To discuss the impact of marketing on consumers
- 2) To present a new approach to promoting brand loyalty
- 3) To explain marketing techniques for promoting brands
- 4) To criticize consumer behavior in terms of brand lovalty

### 267- All of the following are examples of how companies treat customers badly EXCEPT they

- 1) show advertisements which are humorous
- set prices which do not match what they offer
- do not respond appropriately to customers' problems
- 4) design new products which are more difficult to use

صفحه ۱۹

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- 268- Which of the following best describes the author's attitude toward those who complain that these days customers are fickle?
  - 1) Indifferent
  - 2) Unfavorable
  - 3) Complimentary
  - 4) Sympathetic
- 269- The word "that" in paragraph 4 refers to ------.
  - 1) mistake
  - lovalty
  - 3) the service offered by a company
  - 4) way of dealing with a mistake
- 270- According to the passage, why do most customers stay loyal to brands?
  - The quality of their products is so good.
  - 2) Too much choice stops them from changing brands.
  - Sort of laziness keeps them from switching to other brands.
  - They are attracted to their advertising.

PASSAGE 4:

takmili.com According to another argument in favor of corporate social responsibility, the more responsibly companies act, the tess the government must regulate them. This idea, if accurate, would likely appeal to those corporations that typically view regulation with distaste, perceiving it as a crude and expensive way of achieving social goals. To them, regulation often imposes inappropriate, overly broad rules that hamper productivity and require extensive recordkeeping procedures to document compliance. If companies can use more flexible, voluntary methods of meeting a social norm such as pollution control, then government will be less tempted to legislate norms.

The argument can be taken further. Not only does anticipatory corporate action lessen the likelihood of government regulation, but also social involvement by companies creates a climate of trust and respect that reduces the overall inclination of government to interfere in company business. For example, a government agency is much more likely to show some leniency toward a socially responsible company than toward one that ignores social plights.

Perhaps the most persuasive argument in favor of corporate involvement in social causes is that such involvement actually makes good business sense. Consumers often support good corporate images and avoid bad ones. For example, consumers generally prefer to patronize stores with "easy return" policies. Even though such policies are not required by law, companies institute them because they create goodwill. In the long run, enhanced goodwill often rebounds to stronger profits. Moreover, corporate actions to improve the well-being of their communities make these communities more attractive to citizens and more profitable for business.

### 271- What does the paragraph preceding the passage most probably discuss?

- 1) How the government regulates companies
- 2) An argument against the societal role of business corporations
- 3) What responsibilities a corporation has concerning social needs
- A reason why companies should be responsible to society

صفحه ۲۰

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- 272- According to paragraph 1, government regulation is not favored by some corporations because they------.
  - 1) believe full compliance with it is almost impossible
  - 2) do not want to submit private documents to the government
  - 3) view it as a barrier to productivity
  - 4) do not generally keep records of their past activities
- 273- The word "plights" in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by ------.
  - 1) prospects
  - 2) procedures
  - 3) priorities
  - 4) problems
- 274- Which of the following is true of corporate involvement in social affairs?
  - 1) The government takes unfair advantage of businesses to achieve social goals.
  - 2) The majority of corporations disapprove of it because it incurs extra costs.
  - 3) It influences the relationship between the government and corporations positively.
  - 4) It is likely to benefit citizens more than businesses in the long run.
- 275- Which of the following best expresses the information in the underlined statement in the passage?
  - Companies try to create goodwill by adopting particular policies, even though law on this issue does not cover all such policies.
  - 2) Companies introduce particular policies to create goodwill, although law does not force them to do so.
  - 3) In spite of restrictive laws, companies manage to create goodwill through particular policies.
  - 4) With particular policies, companies create goodwill because law wants them to.